



"A Journey Through Peru, Chile & Bolivia" Where Nature Awakens the Soul

From the snow-dusted Andes to the mirrored silence of the Uyuni Salt Flats, this multi-destination journey through Peru, Chile, and Bolivia was far more than a luxury escape—it was a reawakening.

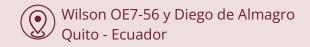
Our experience began in the Sacred Valley of Peru, where ancient Inca trails wove through verdant hillsides and the scent of wild herbs lingered in the air. We stayed in a secluded lodge that overlooked the Urubamba River, embraced by terraced mountains and starlit skies. Every sunrise felt like a new beginning—especially the morning we hiked to Machu Picchu in quiet reverence, the mist lifting slowly to reveal the timeless citadel. In this sacred place, we felt not like tourists, but like guests invited to remember something long forgotten: stillness.

Crossing into Chile's Atacama Desert, the contrast was both surreal and magnetic. In this vast landscape of red rock, salt flats and stargazer's skies, we found not emptiness, but a profound sense of presence. At an eco-luxury retreat nestled near Moon Valley, we walked barefoot over warm sand dunes and bathed in geothermal springs that seemed to hold the earth's breath. Here, reconnection took a different form—between body and spirit, between past and possibility.

Finally, in Bolivia, we experienced perhaps the most poetic moment of the trip: standing on the Salar de Uyuni, where the horizon disappeared and we stood suspended between sky and salt. It was a landscape stripped of noise and distraction, reflecting not just clouds, but our own transformations. That night, under a velvet sky from our private airstream suite, we toasted to life—not the one behind us, but the one still becoming.

This was a trip that went beyond indulgence. Yes, the service was impeccable, the stays unforgettable. But what lingered was the sensation of returning—not just to nature, but to ourselves. It was a journey of rebirth, of shedding the unnecessary, and of remembering how deeply alive we can feel when we travel not to escape, but to begin again.









PROGRAM

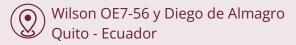
- San Pedro de Atacama
- Tara y Monjes de la Pacana
- Geysers del Tatio
- Salar de Uyuni
- La Paz
- Isla del Sol
- Cuzco
- Valle Sagrado
- Machupichu

San Pedro de Atacama - A Gateway to Earth's Extremes

San Pedro de Atacama, in northern Chile, is a gateway to some of the most striking desert landscapes in South America. Surrounded by salt flats, volcanoes, geysers, and high-altitude lagoons, it offers access to natural sites like Valle de la Luna, known for its moon-like terrain and sunset views, and El Tatio Geysers, best visited at dawn for dramatic steam displays. The nearby Altiplanic Lagoons and the Salar de Atacama provide quiet beauty and opportunities to observe local wildlife. The town itself is small, with adobe architecture, basic services, and a relaxed pace. One of its standout features is the night sky—clear, dry, and ideal for stargazing, with several observatories offering guided tours. San Pedro is not about luxury, but about immersing in the vast, quiet power of the desert. It's a destination for those drawn to nature, geology, and the rhythms of a remote, ancient landscape.











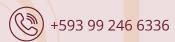
Tara y Monjes de la Pacana

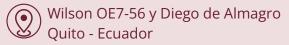
Tara and Monjes de la Pacana, in the Chilean highlands near San Pedro de Atacama, offer a unique natural experience in remote volcanic landscapes. The rock formations called Monjes de la Pacana are tall pillars of volcanic origin shaped by wind and erosion over millions of years; their silhouette is reminiscent of human figures, so they are also known as Sentinels or Moais of Tara. From there, you can see the Tara Cathedrals, impressive barriers of eroded volcanic ash that frame the Salar de Tara, a saline mirror that can reach between 3 and 25 km² depending on the time of year. In the Los Flamencos National Reserve, you can see altiplanic fauna: flamingos (the three local species), vicuñas, foxes, vizcachas, and various birds. Access requires a 4×4 vehicle and adaptation to the 4,300 meters above sea level, and it is advisable to go with a guide or good orientation, as there are no marked trails. In general, this tour stands out for its silence, pure air, and impressive landscapes, with remarkable geological beauty and biodiversity of the altiplano.

Geysers del Tatio

Situated around 4320 ma.s.l. in the Andes near San Pedro de Atacama, the Géiseres del Tatio form the highest-altitude geothermal field in the world, and the largest in the Southern Hemisphere, with roughly 80 active geysers—representing about 8% of all geysers globally Optimal viewing occurs at dawn, when cold air accentuates steam columns up to 10 m high, between roughly 6:00 and 8:00 am. The site offers marked trails, basic facilities, and a thermal pool (~35–40 °C) for post-visit bathing. Visitors often see high-altitude fauna such as vicuñas, vizcachas, ñandúes, and lesser llamas. Access requires a tour or private vehicle, with early departures from San Pedro (~5 am), and acclimatization is recommended due to altitude and very low morning temperatures.











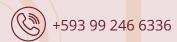
Salar e Uyuni

The Salar de Uyuni, located in Bolivia, is the world's largest salt flat—about 10,582 km² at roughly 3,656 m altitude. In the rainy season (December–April), a thin layer of water transforms it into a near-perfect mirror, while in the dry season (May–October), its hexagonal salt crust reveals expansive white plains. Visitors typically explore on multi-day 4×4 tours from Uyuni or via SanPedro de Atacama, often stopping at Isla Incahuasi, home to giant cacti and fossilized coral. Nearby attractions include the Train Cemetery, Colchani salt-arts craft stalls, and occasionally Dakar rally monuments, along with access to high-altitude lagoons with flamingos. Altitude sickness is common—acclimatization, hydration, and warm layers are recommended. Nights are very cold, and UV exposure is high due to the elevation.

La Paz

Bolivia's administrative capital, is a high-altitude city set in a dramatic canyon at over 3,600 meters above sea level. Its striking topography is best appreciated from Mi Teleférico, an extensive cable car system that connects neighborhoods while offering panoramic views of the city and surrounding Andes. The historic center features colonial architecture around Plaza Murillo, home to the Presidential Palace and National Congress. Visitors often explore the Witches' Market, where traditional Aymara healers sell herbal remedies and ritual items. Nearby, the surreal landscapes of Valle de la Luna offer short hiking trails through eroded clay formations. Cultural sites like the Museum of Ethnography and Folklore and day trips to Tiwanaku add historical depth. Due to the altitude, acclimatization is important, and temperatures can vary widely.











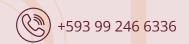
Isla del Sol

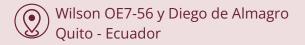
Lake Titicaca, situated on the border between Bolivia and Peru, is the highest navigable lake in the world, located over 3,800 meters above sea level. On the Bolivian side, it is accessible from the town of Copacabana, a popular base for exploring the lake's cultural and natural attractions. The lake holds deep spiritual significance for Andean cultures and is surrounded by archaeological sites linked to the Inca and pre-Inca civilizations. One of the highlights is a boat trip to Isla del Sol, believed to be the birthplace of the Inca sun god, where visitors can hike among ancient ruins and enjoy expansive views of the water and mountains. The lake's surroundings are ideal for short treks, photography, and cultural immersion with local Aymara communities. The area's altitude requires gradual acclimatization, and while the infrastructure is simple, the experience offers calm, cultural depth, and connection with Bolivia's Andean heritage.

Cuzco

Once the capital of the Inca Empire, is a vibrant city in the Peruvian Andes known for its rich history, colonial architecture, and access to important archaeological sites. At 3,400 meters above sea level, it serves as the gateway to Machu Picchu and the Sacred Valley. The city's historic center, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, blends Spanish colonial buildings with Inca stone foundations—most notably at the Coricancha and Sacsayhuamán ruins. Plaza de Armas is the cultural heart of Cuzco, surrounded by cafes, shops, and the Cathedral. Local markets like San Pedro offer traditional food, textiles, and crafts. Museums and cultural centers explore Andean heritage, while guided tours help visitors understand the city's layered past.











Secred Valley

The Sacred Valley of the Incas (Urubamba Valley), north of Cusco, is a fertile Andean corridor dotted with vibrant communities, Inca ruins, and scenic landscapes Key highlights include:

- Pisac,
- Ollantaytambo,
- The Moray terraces,
- Chinchero,

With a milder climate than Cusco (around 22–25°C daytime), the Valley offers immersive cultural experiences, light hikes, and agricultural heritage deeply tied to Andean traditions

Machu Picchu

Peru's most iconic archaeological site sits at about 2,430 meters above sea level amid lush cloud forest. Built in the 15th century and rediscovered in 1911, it showcases impressive Inca engineering with finely carved stone walls, agricultural terraces, and ceremonial sites. Key highlights include the Temple of the Sun, the Intihuatana sundial, and the Room of the Three Windows. Visitors often hike the Inca Trail, requiring advance permits, or arrive by train from Cusco to Aguas Calientes before ascending by bus or on foot. Entry tickets must be booked in advance due to daily visitor limits. The site can be crowded, especially during dry season (May–October), but early morning or late afternoon visits offer quieter moments. Because of the altitude and steep paths, moderate fitness is recommended.







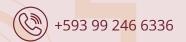


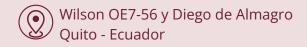


ITINERARY

Date	ltinerary	Hotel	Meals
Day 1	Calama - San Pedro de Atacama - Moon Valley	Atacama	-/-/-
Day 2	Salar del Talar and Piedras Rojas	Atacama	B/-/-
Day 3	Tara and Monks of the Pacana	Atacama	B/-/-
Day 4	Tatio Geysers and Bofedales	Atacama	B/-/-
Day 5	San Pedro de Atacama - Hito Cajón - Laguna Colorada	Uyuni	B/-/-
Day 6	Desierto de Los Lípez	Uyuni	B/-/-
Day 7	Salar de Uyuni	Uyuni	B/-/-
Day 8	City Tour La Paz	La Paz	B/-/-
Day 9	La Paz – Copacabana – Sampaya - Isla del Sol	Isla del Sol	B/-/-
Day 10	Isla del Sol – Copacabana - Puno	Puno	B/-/-
Day 11	Free day in Cuzco	Cuzco	B/-/-
Day 12	Cuzco City Tour	Cuzco	B/-/-

B = Breakfast, Box Lunch= BL, L = Lunch, D = Dinner





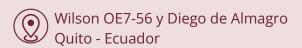




ITINERARY

Date	Itinerary	Hotel	Meals
Day 1	Sacred Valley of the Incas	Sacred Valley	B/-/-
Day 2	Machupichu	Machu Picchu	B/-/-
Day 3	Transfer out		B/-/-

B = Breakfast, Box Lunch= BL, L = Lunch, D = Dinner







ITINERARY

DAY I. CALAMA - SAN PEDRO DE ATACAMA -VALLEY OF THE MOON

Welcome to Calama!

Welcome at the Calama airport and transfer to San Pedro de Atacama. After settling in at the hotel we start our first excursion.

We visit the Moon Valley, located at 2.500 meters above sea level and only ten minutes by car from San Pedro de Atacama. Here we will visit part of the Cordillera de la Sal, we will observe different solid formations of salt and clay, salt mines, viewpoints and finally we will trek for 30 to 40 minutes until we reach a large dune and it is there where we will wait for the sunset with a view of the Andes Mountains. Finally, we return to the hotel.



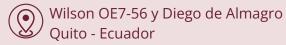
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🖴 Calama Hotel











DAY 2. SALAR DEL TALAR Y PIEDRAS ROJAS

This day we will visit the Salar de Talar, better known as Piedras Rojas, a beautiful reddish landscape surrounded by lagoons that is one of the most sought after destinations in Atacama. We will take a tour of the surrounding lagoons, have a picnic lunch and return to town. This is a high altitude tour at 4 thousand meters above sea level.



Breakfast/Lunch/



Calama Hotel



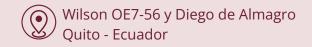
Hike

DAY 3. TARAY MONJES DE LA PACANA

We will head towards a territory where, thanks to the erosion of wind and water, we can find different rock formations that seem to stand like columns, cathedrals or stone giants known as the Monks of the Pacana. Around these landscapes, after entering the mountain, the imposing Salar de Tara appears.

We will have a picnic lunch and return to the village.











Breakfast/Lunch/



Calama Hotel



Hike



DAY 4. TATIO GEYSERS AND BOFEDALES

We leave early before sunrise to Los Geysers del Tatio. At sunrise we will be able to observe the large columns of steam rising combined with the first rays of the morning. Return to San Pedro de Atacama.



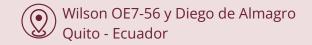
Breakfast/



Atacama Hotel











Day 5. SAN PEDRO DE ATACAMA - HITO CAJÓN - LAGUNA COLORADA

Pick up from the hotel and depart to the border with Bolivia Hito Cajon, after migration formalities, we change vehicles and enter Bolivia.

Our first stop is Laguna Verde, located at the foot of the Licancabur Volcano. We continue to the Sol de Mañana geysers, the Polques hot springs (where you can enjoy a bath), the Dali Desert, and finally we arrive at Laguna Colorada, where we will observe numerous pink flamingos.



Breakfast/Lunch/Dinner



Atacama Hotel

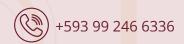


Hike



Day 6. DESIERTO DE LOS LÍPEZ

The day begins with a tour of the Siloli Desert, where the Stone Tree and other eroded rocks are found. Then we will make stops at the high altitude lagoons: Laguna Honda, Hedionda and Ramadita. Each one of them has an exuberant beauty. We will explore the small Salar de Chiguana before arriving at the town of San Juan, a village located on the edge of the Salar de Uyuni.











Breakfast/Lunch/Dinner



Salar de Uyuni Hotel



Hike



Day 7. SALAR DE UYUNI

We enter the Uyuni salt flat and stop at Incahuasi Island. From its summit, in the middle of a giant cactus, we will be able to appreciate the amazing extension of the sea of salt, and we will see the majestic Tunupa volcano. We will visit the hotelmuseum Playa Blanca, the Dakar monument, and the Plaza de las Banderas. Later we will stop at the Train Cemetery, an unusual landscape of disused locomotives. We continue to the town of Colchani, a place where salt is processed using traditional methods, and we will visit a salt processing plant. Finally, we will go to the bus terminal in Uyuni to take the sleeper bus to La Paz.

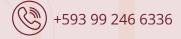


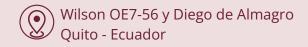
Breakfast/Lunch/Dinner



Salar de Uyuni Hotel













DAY 8 .- CITY TOUR LA PAZ

Arrival in La Paz, transfer to the hotel, and breakfast. Beginning of the tour at the agreed time. We will go to the Moon Valley, a beautiful geological formation located near the city that resembles a lunar landscape. Upon arrival, we will hike for 15 to 20 minutes. At the end of the visit, we board our transportation to go to the yellow cable car station. We will make a connection with the silver and red cable cars. During this tour, we will enjoy incredible views of the city built between mountains. We will end at the Central Station, where our transportation will be waiting for us to take us to the Murillo Square, in the surroundings are the political establishments of the country and the Government Palace. We continue to the Calle de las Brujas, a street where amulets and esoteric objects related to the Andean cosmovision and culture are sold. At the end of the tour, we return to the hotel.

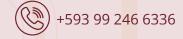


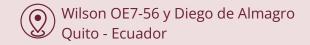
Breakfast



La Paz Hotel







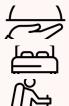






DAY 9 .- LA PAZ – COPACABANA – SAMPAYA -ISLA DEL SOL

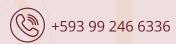
On this day we will head to Copacabana. Once we get there, we will have lunch and then get ready to hike for about 2.5 hours to Sampaya, a small Aymara village with ancient stone houses, here we will enjoy incredible views of Lake Titicaca and the Cordillera Real. At the end, we will board a boat to Isla del Sol. Upon arrival, we settle into the hostel for dinner and overnight.



Breakfast/ Box Lunch/Dinner

Isla del Sol Hotel











DAY 10. ISLA DEL SOL – COPACABANA - PUNO

We leave the hotel to begin a walk to the ruins of the Pilkokaina Palace, also called Temple of the Sun, which is an important archaeological site of Inca origin.

We continue walking to the stairs of Yumani, beautiful Inca stairs by which we will descend. On the way, we will find a peculiar fountain known as "the fountain of life", because it is believed that its waters are sacred and medicinal.

We will board our boat that will take us to the restaurant to have a delicious "aphtapi" lunch, a traditional food of the region. Afterwards, we will return to Copacabana and board the transport that will take us to the border with Peru. After completing the migration formalities, we will enter Puno.

We arrive directly at the bus terminal to take the sleeper bus to Cuzco.

Overnight in a sleeper bus.



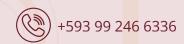
Breakfast/Lunch

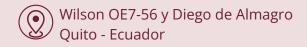


Overnight in a sleeper bus.













DAY II. FREE DAY IN CUZCO

Pick up from the terminal and transfer to the hotel. Free day to rest.



Breakfast



Cuzco Hotel



Hike



DAY 12. CUZCO CITY TOUR

Pick up from the terminal and transfer to the hotel. Free day to rest. Free morning. Approximately at 13:30 hours we begin to explore Cuzco. We will visit the Cathedral where we will find 16th century paintings. We will continue to Koricancha where we will be able to appreciate two styles of constructions: the Colonial Church and the Inca Temples. Then we will go to Sacsayhuaman, a beautiful construction made up of large walls. Our next stop is Qenko, a labyrinth and sacred place, we continue to Tambomachay and Puca Pucara, beautiful places where we can learn and connect with the Inca culture. Return to the hotel.



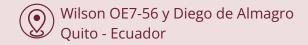
Breakfast



Cuzco Hotel











DAY 13. SACRED VALLEY OF THE INCAS

This day we will make a full day tour in the Sacred Valley of the Incas, a breathtaking landscape. We will visit Chinchero, a town made up of terraces, enclosures and where the Colonial Church built on Inca foundations stands out. Then we will witness an unusual landscape: the salt mines of Maras, more than 3000 salt pools piled up on the side of a hill. We will continue to Urubamba for lunch and head to Ollantaytambo, a beautiful colonial town of narrow streets, temples, granaries, water fountains and Inca terraces. We then board the train to Aguas Calientes (45 minutes trip) Finally, we will take a train to Aguas Calientes. Arrival and overnight at the hotel.



Breakfast

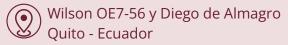


Secred Valley Hotel













DAY 14. -MACHU PICCHU

In the morning, we will visit Machupicchu, wonder of the world for its incredible natural scenery and rich history. It will be a visit of approximately 2 hours doing the classic circuit. At the end of the tour, we will return to Aguas Calientes, have lunch, take the train back to Ollantaytambo and return to Cusco by bus.



Breakfast/Lunch



Cuzco Hotel



Hike



DAY 15.- TRANSFER TO THE AIRPORT/FLIGHT BACK HOME

Final transfer from th<mark>e</mark> hotel to th<mark>e</mark> airport.



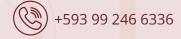
Breakfast

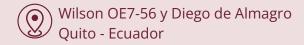


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END OF OUR SERVICES

INCLUDES

- Transfers and excursions with private transportation and a certified
- professional guide/driver.
- night's lodging in the best hotels Island with breakfast included.
- Meals: according to the itinerary (B=breakfast, BL= Box lunch, L=lunch).
- All excursions and meals mentioned in the itinerary.
- Transfers in/out
- Certified bilingual local naturalist guide (Spanish English)
- Assistance in all activities according to the itinerary.

NOT INCLUDED

- International flights
- Meals not mentioned in the itinerary
- Meals not mentioned in the itinerary
- Medical and travel insurance
- Tips and other services not specified in the program.
- Entrance

ACCOMMODATION/ Hotels depend on availability at the time of reservation



